A service-level agreement (SLA) is simply a file relating the level of service expected by a customer from a dealer laying out the metrics by which that examination is calculated, and the remedies or penalty, if any, must agreed-upon levels not be absolute. Typically, SLAs are between companies and external suppliers, but they may also be among two departments within a company. Service Level Agreements (SLAs) are typically used to specify regulations about the utilization of services that are agreed between the providers of the Service-Based Applications (SBAs) and their consumers. An SLA includes a list of conditions that contain the guarantees that must be fulfilled during the provisioning and use of the services. While the abuse of such guarantees may lead to the application of possible penalties, it is important to assure that the SBA behaves as predictable.
A Novel Approach to Identify Sullied Terms in Service Level Agreement

- Amazon EC2 SLA: http://aws. amazon. com/ec2-sla/
A Novel Approach to Identify Sullied Terms in Service Level Agreement

- M. Palacios, "Defining an SLA-aware Method to Test Service-Oriented Systems," Proc. 9th Int. Conf. on Service Oriented Computing (ICSOC), PhD Symposium, G. Pallis et al. (Eds.): ICSOC 2011, LNCS 7221, pp. 164--170. Springer, Heidelberg 2012.
- C. K. Gomathy, Dr. S. Rajalakshmi, "A Software design Pattern for Bank Service Oriented Architecture," International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Engineering and Technology (IJCSET), Volume 3, Issue IV, April 2014, P. No.:1302-1306, ISSN: 2278-1323

Index Terms

Computer Science
Information Sciences

Keywords

Service oriented Architecture
Service Based Applications
Automated Software Testing
Service Level Agreements and Coverage Criterion.