Despeckling of Images using Weiner Filter and Hybrid **Median Filter**

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ABSTRACT

Images are a crucial part of everyone's life in this modern world. The increase in the number of these has led to a need of better results like better quality, better diagnosis of medical problems etc. Reducing noise from the images is a challenge for the researchers in digital image processing. Several approaches are there for noise reduction. Generally speckle noise is commonly found in the synthetic aperture. This research proposes techniques for the removal of speckle noise from the images. In our proposed method we use medical images and denoise it to remove speckle noise. Weiner filter in combination with hybrid median filter is proposed for the problem in hand. It gives better results for the denoising of the speckle noise corrupted image.

General Terms

Weiner filter, hybrid filter, speckle noise, DWT

Keywords

Weiner Filter, Dspeckle Noise, Kuan Filter, Hybrid Median Filter, Image Denoising

1. INTRODUCTION

All coherent imaging systems like laser, acoustic and SAR imagery are affected by speckle noise as a common phenomenon. The source of this noise is attributed to random interference between the coherent returns issued from the numerous scatters present on a surface, on the scale of a wavelength of the incident radar wave. Speckle noise is often an undesirable, especially for ATR systems. Thus, speckle filtering turns out to be a critical pre-processing step for detection or classification optimization.

1.1 Speckle statistics

Fully developed speckle has the characteristics of a random multiplicative] noise. Under the assumption that the real and imaginary parts respectively the so-called in-phase (denoted I) and quadrature (denoted Q) components of a complex radar image of the speckle have zero-mean Gaussian density, noise intensity can be shown to follow a Gamma distribution (which reduces to an exponential distribution for single-look images). The mean-to-standard-deviation ratio (a measure of the signalto-noise ratio) of such a distribution satisfies

$$\left(\frac{\text{mean}}{\text{standard deviation}}\right)^2 = L = constant$$

2. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

The proposed method deals with removal of speckle noise from images. The method uses wiener filter for removal of course speckle noise. Firstly we find logarithmic transform of the noisy image. This step is performed because speckle noise is a multiplicative noise. Logarithmic transform converts this into additive noise. The discrete wavelet transform of this image is found. This gives us some detail and approximation coefficients. We apply wiener filter on the detail coefficients. Further we find the inverse discrete wavelet transform. The resultant image is filtered using hybrid median filter which is efficient enough to remove the speckle noise. Finally exponential transform is applied to recover the denoised image.

2.1 Flow of Algorithm

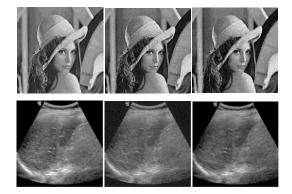
Input image 2) Add noise

1)

- Apply Logarithmic transform 3)
- 4) DWT haar wavelet
- 5) Denoise using wiener filter
- Inverse DWT 6)
- Denoise using hybrid median filter 7)
- 8) Apply Inverse Logarithmic transform
- Output image 9)

3. RESULTS

The algorithm discussed has been implemented in matlab and tested on Intel i3 processor with 4GB. The images taken for testing purpose are of size 512 x 512 pixels. The proposed method runs robustly denoising the speckle noise in the given noisy image. The result of few images can be seen in figure below





Figure, The image on the left is the noise free image, the image in the middle is the noisy image and the image in the right is the denoised image.

The images in the figure below shows have been presented to show the effect of speckle noise. The noise free image is taken and speckle noise is added to it. It is then denoised using our proposed technique. The denoised image is very much similar to the noise free image.



Figure, Image in the 1st row is the noise free image, 2nd row is the denoised image and image in the 3rd row is the noisy image.

The results of the base paper and the proposed algorithm has been presented in table 1. The table shows that there is an increase in approximately 5db in PSNR and the MSE value has decreased by almost 3 times. Also it can seen that the time required for the execution of the algorithm takes approximately 5.4 sec. whereas the proposed algorithm takes approximately 1.68 sec. Thus the proposed algorithm is faster than the base method by 3.2 times.

Table 1

S. No	PSN R (Bas e)	MS E (Ba se)	Ma x Err or (Ba se)	Tim e (Bas e- sec)	PSN R	MS E	Ma x Err or	Tim e (sec)
1	24.7	0.0	0.3	5.73	28.8	0.0	0.3	1.66
	576	134	859	9101	229	052	851	4350
2	23.1	0.0	0.3	5.38	26.7	0.0	0.2	1.74
	862	303	644	7182	995	132	861	5610
3	24.2	0.0	0.4	5.42	30.5	0.0	0.2	1.68
	868	323	953	1320	843	076	530	9274
4	27.6	0.0	0.4	5.32	32.7	0.0	0.3	1.66
	525	295	435	3250	268	092	419	7756

The comparison of the statistics of noisy image and the denoised image has been shown in table 2. We can see that the proposed algorithm is increasing the PSNR value by almost 6 db and MSE value has reduced by 3 times.

Table 2

S.No ·	PSNR (Noise)	MSE (Noise)	Max Error (Noise)	PSNR	MSE	Max Erro r
1	21.186	0.030	0.242	28.822	0.005	0.385
	6	4	5	9	2	1
2	21.382	0.045	0.411	26.799	0.013	0.286
	9	8	8	5	2	1
3	24.814	0.028	0.298	30.584	0.007	0.253
	5	6	0	3	6	0
4	27.595	0.029	0.286	32.726	0.009	0.341
	4	9	3	8	2	9

4. CONCLUSION

The proposed algorithm is robust in performing image enhancement dealing with removal of speckle image. The results show that the proposed method is better than []. The algorithm proves an increase in the PSNR value by almost 6 db and MSE value has reduced by 3 times. Thus the proposed method can be used for image enhancement for removal of speckle noise from images in applications.

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