Cloud Computing is a form of Internet-based computing that provides shared processing resources and data to computers and other devices on demand. It is a model for enabling ubiquitous, on-demand access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (e.g., computer networks, server, storage, application and services) which can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort. Basically, Cloud computing allows users and enterprises with various capabilities to store and process their data in either privately owned cloud, or on a third party server in order to make data accessing mechanisms much more easy and reliable. Data Centers that may be located far from the user—ranging in distance from access a city to access the world. Cloud computing relies on sharing of resources to achieve coherence and economy of scale, similar to a utility (like the electricity grid) over an electricity network. In cloud computing, usually there are number of jobs that need to be executed with the available resources to achieve optimal performance, least possible total time for completion, shortest response time, and efficient utilization of resources etc.
Task Scheduling for Utilization of Resources using Cloud Computing

References


Index Terms

Computer Science

Distributed Computing
Keywords

Cloud Computing, Task Scheduling, Algorithms