Abstract

Especially amongst the developing nations, there is a general consensus attached to microfinance and microcredit about the tremendous potential it has to alleviate poverty and build socio-economic empowerment of its beneficiaries. However, this potential of microfinance also faces a lot of challenges and a lot of inhibiting factors in and around the beneficiaries which reduce the socio-economic empowerment to an extent that the microfinance programme might require changes to be more effective. This study elaborates on various success factors and inhibitors of microfinance in India and further studies the inter-relationship amongst them using ISM methodology. The factors can further be studied as in context of Finance portfolio optimization.

References


Index Terms

Computer Science Information Sciences

Keywords
Microfinance; Inhibiting factors; ISM Methodology