Many of the public key cryptosystems deal with two-party communication keeping confidentiality and authentication as primary goals. However there are many applications like banking that require multi-party communication. In bank, we keep valuable articles in lockers. We need two dependent keys to open the locker. In corporate sector it may be thought of as multi-party communication. RSA provided multi-party communication using shared key approach. But the overhead of RSA seem to be more because it has to choose n pairs of numbers such that the summation of these numbers is a large prime number. This needs to be done without revealing the shares of the numbers [1, 2].

This paper proposes an algorithm for shared key authentication based on Lattice approach of NTRU for communication using dependent private key. This cryptosystem does not require
these overheads.

**Reference**

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**Index Terms**

Computer Science  Security

**Key words**
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