Abstract

This paper describes parallel implementation of an artificial neural network training algorithm and its effectiveness when applied to performing cryptographic functions. As a cryptographic function a permutations have been used because of its prevalence in complex cryptographic functions such as block ciphers. In order to enhance performance of artificial neural network training algorithm a method of backward propagation of errors has been parallelized.

References

Parallel Implementation of a Neural Network Learning Algorithm


Index Terms

Computer Science                  Artificial Intelligence

Keywords

Neural network; training algorithm; parallelism; cryptography